- (A) said base bridging said vertically oriented wall and said curved wall;
- (B) said base being continuous with said vertically oriented wall and said curved wall;

(b) a cover member oriented at least partially over the trough section;

- (i) said cover member and said frame piece defining a cable entry aperture having a closed perimeter;
 - (A) said cable entry aperture being in communication with said trough section to permit cables to enter through the aperture and rest within the trough section;
 - (B) at least 75% of said perimeter of said cable entry aperture being circumscribed by a flared cable guide surface.
- 2. A radius limiter according to claim 1 wherein:
 - (a) all of said perimeter of said cable entry aperture is circumscribed by said flared cable guide surface.
- 3. A radius limiter according to claim 1 wherein:

(a)

- (a) said cover member includes a finger defining at least one free edge;
 - (i) said free edge defining a portion of said flared guide surface.
- 4. A radius limiter according to claim 3 further including:
 - (a) a latch arrangement releasably securing said finger to said frame piece.

(Amended) A radius limiter according to claim 4 wherein:

- said finger includes a second free edge selectively engaging said vertically oriented wall of said trough section;
 - (i) said latch arrangement being mounted on said vertically oriented wall and said second free edge to releasably secure said finger to said frame piece.

- 6. A radius limiter according to claim 5 wherein:
 - (a) said finger includes an attachment portion pivotally securing said finger to said frame piece.

(Amended) A method of limiting a radius of optical fiber cables; the method comprising:

- (a) providing a radius limiter including:
 - (i) a frame piece including a vertically oriented continuous curved wall; and a continuous trough section adjacent to the curved wall;
 - (ii) a cover member oriented at least partially over the trough section;
 - (A) the cover member defining at least a portion of a perimeter of a cable entry aperture;
 - (B) the portion of the perimeter of the cable entry aperture defined by the cover having a flared cable guide surface;
- (b) directing optical fiber cables through the cable entry aperture and against the flared cable guide surface of the cover member; and
- (c) after said step of directing, orienting the optical fiber cables within the continuous trough section and against the continuous curved wall.
- 9. A method according to claim 8 further including:
 - (a) before said step of directing, pivoting the cover member relative to the frame piece by releasing a latch connection between the cover member and the frame piece.
- 10. A method according to claim 9 wherein:
 - (a) said step of pivoting includes rotating the cover member about a hinge point between the cover member and the frame piece.
- 11. An optical fiber cable management system comprising:
 - (a) a first drawer assembly including a first chassis and a first drawer slidably mounted within said first chassis;
 - (i) said first chassis and first drawer defining a first storage interior;

- (ii) said first drawer assembly defining a first cable access entry to permit optical fiber cable to enter into said first storage interior;
- (b) a second drawer assembly including a second chassis and a second drawer slidably mounted within said second chassis;
 - (i) said second chassis and second drawer defining a second storage interior;
 - (ii) said second drawer assembly defining a second cable access entry to permit optical fiber cable to enter into said second storage interior; and
- (c) a mounting bracket connecting together at least said first drawer assembly and said second drawer assembly through an interlock arrangement;
 - (i) said interlock arrangement including:
 - (A) a plurality of non-threaded stud members in one of: (i) said mounting bracket, and (ii) said first and second chassis; and
 - (B) a plurality of holes sized for receiving said non-threaded stud members; said plurality of holes being defined by one of (i) said mounting bracket; and (ii) said first and second chassis.
- 12. An optical fiber cable management system according to claim 11 wherein:
 - (a) said interlock arrangement includes:
 - (i) at least two of said non-threaded stud members projecting from said first chassis;
 - (ii) at least two of said non-threaded stud members projecting from said second chassis; and
 - (iii) at least four of said holes defined by said mounting bracket receiving each of the non-threaded stud members of said first chassis and said second chassis.

(Amended) A method of connecting a first drawer assembly to a second drawer assembly in an optical fiber cable management system; the method comprising:

(a) providing a first and second drawer assembly; the first drawer assembly including a first/drawer slidably received by a first chassis; the second drawer assembly including a second drawer slidably received by a second chassis;

- (i) the first chassis and first drawer defining a first storage interior for holding optical fiber cable;
- (ii) the second chassis and second drawer defining a second storage interior for holding optical fiber cable; and

securing a bracket to the first chassis and the second chassis by inserting a non-threaded stud arrangement into an aperture arrangement.

14. A method according to claim 13 wherein:

- (a) said step of securing includes inserting a plurality of non-threaded studs projecting from each of the first chassis and the second chassis into a plurality of holes sized to receive the non-threaded studs defined by the bracket.
- 15. An optical fiber cable management panel comprising:
 - (a) a drawer assembly including a chassis and a drawer;
 - (i) said drawer being slidably mounted within said chassis;
 - (ii) said drawer assembly defining a storage interior and a first cable access entry to permit optical fiber cable to enter into said storage interior;
 - (b) a cable radius limiter slidably mounted relative to said drawer assembly; and
 - (c) a control mechanism secured to said drawer assembly to synchronize slidable movement of said cable radius limiter relative to slidable movement of said drawer within said chassis;
 - (i) said control mechanism including a rotating member oriented to rotate between said drawer and said chassis;
 - (ii) said rotating member having an axis of rotation that is normal to said cable radius limiter.
- 16. An optical fiber cable management panel according to claim 15 wherein:
 - (a) said control mechanism includes a bracket and an axle;
 - (i) said rotating member being mounted for rotation on said axle.

			\int_{0}^{∞}		
17.	An optical fiber cable management panel according to claim 16 wherein:				
	(a)	said	rotating member includes a wheel.		
18.	An optical fiber cable management panel according to claim 17 wherein:				
	(a)	(a) said bracket includes a projection arrangement secured to said cable radius			
	()		limiter.		
19.	An optical fiber cable management panel according to claim 18 wherein:				
	(a)	said	said drawer includes a base defining an elongated slot;		
		(i)	said bracket being secured to said cable radius limiter through said		
			elongated slot.		
20.	An optical fiber cable management panel according to claim 19 wherein:				
	. (a)	said	drawer further includes a wheel guide secured thereto having a guide surface		
	• ·	extending normal to said drawer base;			
	(b) said chassis includes a base in a plane generally parallel to said drawer base chassis further includes a sidewall extending normal to said chassis base;				
			and said chassis sidewall.		
21.	An optical fiber cable management panel according to claim 20 wherein:				
	(a)	said 1	oracket includes a catch;		
	(b) said chassis incl		chassis includes a stop member;		
		(i)	said catch selectively engaging said stop member when said drawer and		
			said radius limiter are slid relative to said chassis.		
22.	In an	optical	fiber cable management system having a drawer assembly; the drawer		
	assembly including a drawer slidably received by a chassis, a method for controlling				
	slidable movement of a cable radius limiter relative to slidable movement of the drawer				
	within the chassis: the method comprising:				

- (a) rotating a wheel, secured to the cable radius limiter, between the drawer and the chassis;
 - (i) the wheel having an axis of rotation that is normal to the cable radius limiter.
- 23. A method according to claim 22 wherein:
 - (a) the wheel is mounted on a bracket; the drawer includes a base defining an elongated slot; the bracket is secured to the cable radius limiter through the elongated slot; the drawer further includes a wheel guide surface extending normal to the drawer base; the chassis includes a base in a plane generally parallel to the drawer base; the chassis further includes a sidewall extending normal to the chassis base; and
 - (b) said step of rotating a wheel between the drawer and the chassis includes rotating the wheel between and against the guide surface and the chassis sidewall.
- 24. (new) A radius limiter for an optical fiber cable management panel; the radius limiter comprising:
 - (a) a frame piece including a vertically oriented curved wall; and a trough section adjacent to said curved wall;
 - (i) said curved wall being concavely shaped relative to said trough section;
 - (ii) said trough section being defined by a vertically oriented wall and a base;
 - (A) said base bridging said vertically oriented wall and said curved wall;
 - (b) a cover member oriented at least partially over the trough section;
 - (i) said cover member and said frame piece defining a cable entry aperture having a closed perimeter;
 - (A) said cable entry aperture being in communication with said trough section to permit cables to enter through the aperture and rest within the trough section;
 - (B) at least 75% of said perimeter of said cable entry aperture being circumscribed by a flared cable guide surface;

- (C) said cover member including a finger defining at least one free edge;
 - (1) said free edge defining a portion of said flared guide surface;
 - (2) said finger including a second free edge selectively engaging said vertically oriented wall of said trough section;

Ship & (c)

- a latch arrangement releasably securing said finger to said frame piece;
- (i) said latch arrangement being mounted on said vertically oriented wall and said second free edge to releasably secure said finger to said frame piece;
- (ii) said finger including an attachment portion pivotally securing said finger to said frame piece; and
 - (A) said attachment portion comprises a pair of tabs projecting from said finger.

15

- 25. (new) A radius limiter according to glaim 24 wherein:
 - (a) all of said perimeter of said cable entry aperture is circumscribed by said flared cable guide surface.
- 26. (new) A radius limiter for an optical fiber cable management panel; the radius limiter comprising:
 - (a) a frame piece including a vertically oriented curved wall; and a trough section adjacent to said curved wall;
 - (i) said curved wall being concavely shaped relative to said trough section;
 - (b) a cover member oriented at least partially over the trough section;
 - said cover member and said frame piece defining a cable entry aperture having a closed perimeter;
 - (A) said cable entry aperture being in communication with said trough section to permit cables to enter through the aperture and rest within the trough section;

- (B) at least 75% of said perimeter of said cable entry aperture being circumscribed by a flared cable guide surface;
- (C) said cover member including a finger;
- (ii) said finger including an attachment portion pivotally securing said finger to said frame piece; and
 - (A) said attachment portion comprises a pair of tabs projecting from said finger.

27. (new) A radius limiter according to claim 26 wherein:

15

- (a) said finger defines at least one free edge;
 - (i) said free edge defining a portion of said flared guide surface.

cont-

- 28. (new) A radius limiter according to claim 27 further including:
 - (a) a latch arrangement releasably securing said finger to said frame piece
- 29. (new) A method according to claim 10 wherein:
 - (a) said step of rotating the cover member about a hinge point includes rotating a pair of tabs projecting from the cover member about a portion of the frame piece.